CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

5070 CHEMISTRY

5070/42

Paper 4 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

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Pa	ge 2	Mark Scheme Syllabu Cambridge O Level – October/November 2014 5070	s Paper 42
1	(a)	measuring cylinder (1)	[1]
	(b)	26 (1) cm ³	[1]
	(c)	(i) (turns) red (1)	[1]
		(ii) bubbles/effervescence OR solid dissolves/disappears/forms a solution (1)	[1]
	(d)	propanol/propan-1-ol (1)	[1]
	(e)	ethyl propanoate (1) $C_2H_5COOC_2H_5$ or $C_2H_5CO_2C_2H_5$ (1)	[2]
			[Total: 7]
2	(a)	hydrogen/H ₂ NOT H (1) burning splint pops or pops in a flame (1)	[2]
	(b)	Mg + 2HC $l \rightarrow MgCl_2 + H_2(1)$	[1]
	(c)	final temperature 35.2 initial temperature 26.3 change in temperature 8.9 all three correct scores 2 marks; two correct scores 1 mark	[2]
	(d)	exothermic (1)	[1]
			[Total: 6]
3	(a)	limewater turns milky (1)	[1]
	(b)	heat to constant mass (1)	[1]
	(c)	(i) 0.16 (1) g	[1]
		(ii) 0.004 (1) moles	[1]
	((iii) 0.004 (1) moles	[1]
	((iv) 40 (1)	[1]
		(v) $((iv) - 16) = 24 (1)$	[1]
			[Total: 7]

P	age 3	Mark Scheme Cambridge O Level – October/November 2014	Syllabus Paper 5070 42
4	(d)		[Total: 1]
5	(a)	(1)	[Total: 1]
6	(d)	(1)	[Total: 1]
7	(b)	(1)	[Total: 1]
8	(c)	(1)	[Total: 1]
9	(a)	3.35 (1)g	[1]
	(b)	volumetric flask (1)	[1]
	(c)	(i) pipette (1)	[1]
		(ii) yellow to red/orange/pink (1)	[1]
	(d)	23.8 47.8 33.3 1 mark for each correct row <u>or</u> column 0.0 24.3 10.0 to the benefit of the candidate (3) 23.8 23.5 23.3	
		average volume of $0.100 \mathrm{mol/dm^3}\mathrm{HC}\mathit{l} = 23.4$ (1) cm ³	[4]
	(e)	0.00234 (1) moles	[1]
	(f)	0.00117 (1) moles	[1]
	(g)	0.0117 (1) moles	[1]
	(h)	286 (1)	[1]
	(i)	(h) - 106 (1) x = (answer/18 =) 10 (1)	
		answer need not be a whole number but may be rounded up to a whole	
			[Total: 14]

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- **10** (a) (Z is a) compound of a transition metal or transition element or Z contains transition metal ions (1)
 - **(b) (i)** green ppt (1)
 - (ii) insoluble (1)
 - (c) (i) green ppt (1)
 - (ii) insoluble (1)
 - (d) (dilute) hydrochloric or nitric acid (1) aqueous barium chloride or nitrate (1) white ppt (1)

Conclusion: The formula for **Z** is FeSO₄ . (1)

[Total: 9]

11 (a) gas escapes/lost from apparatus (1)

- [1]
- (b) to allow the gas/vapour to escape (1) to prevent the liquid from splashing out OR to prevent an explosion / flask from bursting / pressure build up / to release the pressure (1)
 [2]

(c) all points plotted correctly (1) two smooth curves drawn (1) curves pass through all points (1)

[1]

(ii) 89.55 - 89.47(1) = 0.08(1) g

[2]

[3]

- (iii) manganese (IV) oxide: graph is steeper (at the start) in experiment 1 (1)
- [1]

(e) all the hydrogen peroxide is used up or has reacted (1)

[1]

(f) 89.45 (1) g

(d) (i) 0.46(5) (1) g

[1]

[Total: 12]